

## **Today's Breakfast Samples**

Overnight Oatmeal with Dried Fruit and Almonds

Toasted Coconut Almond Muffins

Applesauce Walnut Tea Bread

Cherry Almond Blast

## **Today's Snacks**

Curried Cashews

Salted Roasted Chickpeas

Nutty Coconut Delights

Iced Minted Raspberry Tea

**Recipes for Repair**

*Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time*

# Transform Your Diet: One Step at a Time

presented by

Laura Piazza and Gail Piazza

*Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook, Authors*

□ **Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook***

# Introduction

## Laura Piazza

- Graphic designer and professional photographer
- Chronic Lyme patient
- The daughter in this mother-daughter team

## Gail Piazza

- Professional recipe developer/food stylist for 40+ years
- The mother in this mother-daughter team

## Recipes for Repair

*Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time*

- **Disclaimer:** We are not a medical professionals. All the information in this presentation is for educational purposes only. **Always** consult a licensed practitioner before making any health decisions, including dietary changes.



# Our Story

- Diagnosed, finally, in 2009!
- With a full medical history explored, reveals length of misdiagnosis (at least 9 years, but probably 13).
- Wanted to learn as much as I could about this misunderstood illness I had been diagnosed with.
- Learned nutrition needs to be a part of my treatment, when reading *The Lyme Disease Solution*.
- Decided to implement the Lyme Inflammation Diet® featured in *The Lyme Disease Solution*.
- Needed mom's help, and boy did she deliver!!

# The Lyme Inflammation Diet™

- A four-phase elimination diet
- Targeted to people who have Lyme and other inflammatory conditions
- Designed to help your body quickly shut down the mechanisms of chronic inflammation and begin detoxifying; to help you to discover food sensitivities; and eat a diet of whole, nourishing anti-inflammatory foods.

# LID's Principles

- Eat foods that help avoid or reduce symptoms caused by inflammation
- Discover food sensitivities
- Improve your overall health
- Strengthen your immune system

# The roots of the diet share traits from these well-known diets:

- The Specific Carbohydrate Diet (and, also GAPS)
- The Body Ecology Diet
- A traditional foods diet (Weston Price/Francis M. Pottenger approach)

## Recipes for Repair

Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time

# Phase 1 Concerns — *Time to Call Mom!*

### Foods Allowed During Phase 1

#### Beverages <sup>1</sup>

Acai juice  
Blackberry juice  
Blueberry juice  
Cherry juice <sup>2</sup>  
Cranberry juice  
Pomegranate juice <sup>2</sup>  
Pure water  
Raspberry juice

#### Fruits

Avocado  
Blackberries  
Blueberries  
Cherries <sup>2</sup>  
Coconut (or coconut milk) <sup>3</sup>  
Cranberries  
Green apple **NEW**  
Pomegranate <sup>2</sup>  
Raspberry

#### Nuts and Seeds

Almonds (or almond milk) <sup>3</sup>  
Flaxseed  
Pine nuts  
Walnuts

#### Vegetables

Artichoke  
Arugula  
Asparagus  
Beets  
Bok choy  
Broccoli  
Cauliflower  
Brussels sprouts

#### Cabbage

Carrots  
Celery  
Chard  
Collard greens  
Cucumber  
Kale  
Leeks  
Mushrooms (shiitake are the best choice)  
Mustard greens  
Onions  
Lettuce  
Scallions  
Spinach  
Sprouts  
String beans  
Watercress

#### Grains

Brown rice  
Wild rice

#### Protein

Eggs (organic, free-range recommended)  
Flounder  
Mackerel  
Salmon  
Sardines  
Sole  
Tilapia

#### Herbs and Spices

Baking soda **NEW**  
Basil  
Bay leaf **NEW**  
Cardamom

#### Chives

Cilantro  
Cinnamon  
Cloves  
Cream of tartar **NEW**  
Cumin **NEW**  
Curry  
Garlic  
Ginger  
Lemon grass **NEW**  
Mint **NEW**  
Mustard <sup>4</sup> **NEW**  
Mustard powder **NEW**  
Mustard seed **NEW**  
Oregano  
Parsley  
Rosemary  
Sage **NEW**  
Sea salt  
Thyme **NEW**

#### Fats

Coconut oil **NEW**  
Extra virgin olive oil <sup>5</sup>  
Ghee  
Virgin olive oil **NEW**

#### Sweeteners

Lakanto **NEW**  
Raw honey <sup>2,6</sup>  
Stevia

#### Other

Almond extract **NEW**  
Apple cider vinegar  
Coconut extract **NEW**  
Mint extract **NEW**  
Vanilla extract

<sup>1</sup> Unsweetened fruit juice only.

<sup>2</sup> Use sparingly, as they are very high in sugar.

<sup>3</sup> Read label closely as sweeteners and/or stabilizers are often added. It's best to make your own. See page 237 for recipe.

<sup>4</sup> Mustard is not permitted until Phase 3 because most mustards are made with varieties of vinegar other than apple cider vinegar. Some varieties of mustard are made with apple cider vinegar,

however, making them allowable for Phase

1. (See the Resources section on page 274).

Additionally, dry mustard can be substituted for prepared mustard at a ratio of one teaspoon dry for every one tablespoon prepared.

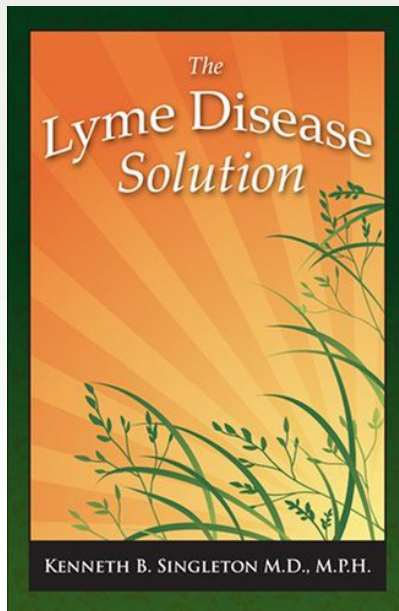
<sup>5</sup> Mixed with a small amount of sesame oil is also acceptable.

<sup>6</sup> Limit to two teaspoons per day. If you are unsure about the difference between honey and raw honey, see page 57.

## Recipes for Repair

Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time

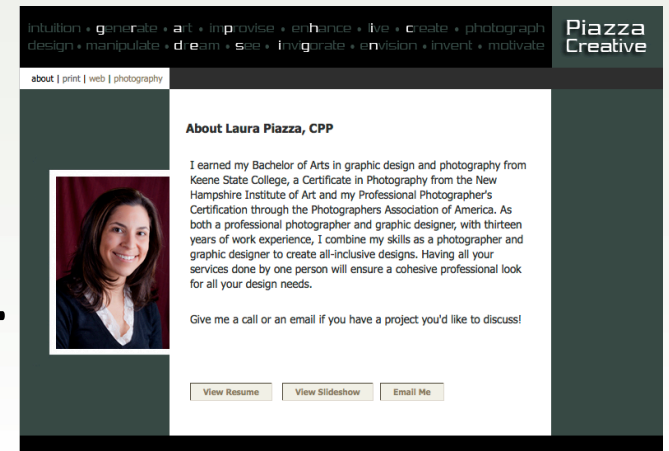
# The Story Behind the Book



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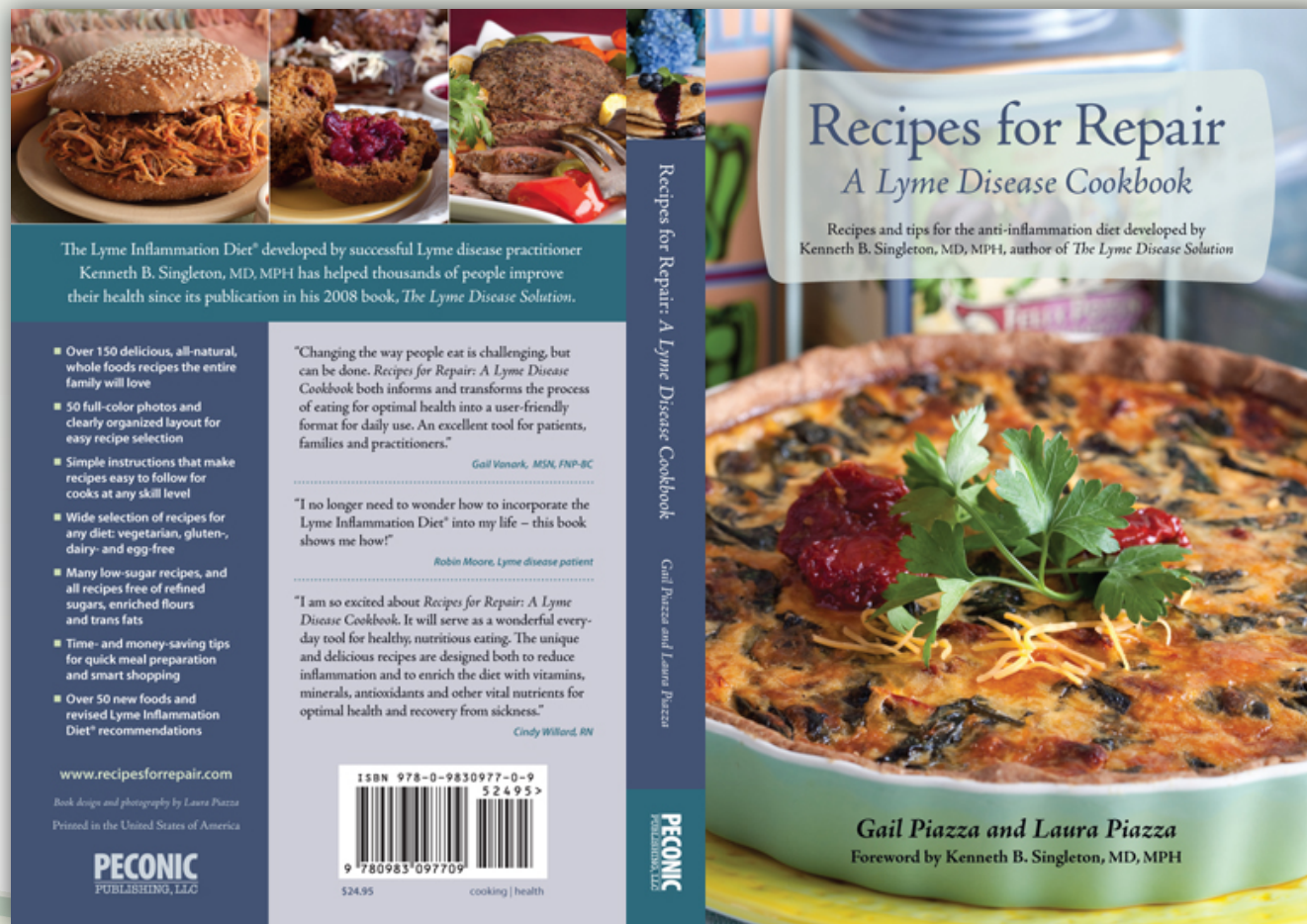
Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook*



## Recipes for Repair

*Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time*

# The Result



**Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook***

## Dr. Singleton Says:

“While there is no such thing as **“one size fits all”** when it comes to diet or therapy, about 75% of my patients say that the Lyme Inflammation Diet™ made a positive difference for them, and that they’ll never eat way the “old way” again.”



# Foods to Avoid

- Foods that trigger the inflammatory response
  - white flour, white pasta, white rice
  - processed and refined foods; commercially packaged foods
  - trans-fatty acids
  - artificial colors and sweeteners
  - food additives
  - caffeine-containing foods
  - cane sugar
  - fried foods
  - foods to which you are sensitive

# Foods to Enjoy

## **Foods with anti-inflammatory properties**

- Nuts and seeds: i.e. walnuts, almonds and flaxseed
- Healthy Protein: Cold water fish high in omega-3 fatty acids, Eggs, Fresh unprocessed meats: grass-fed meat, poultry
- Fats: Extra virgin olive oil, extra virgin coconut oil and ghee (clarified butter)
- Vegetables: Both raw and cooked
- Fruits (low on the glycemic index, if blood sugar or Candida are a problem)
- Spices

# Foods to Enjoy

## **Foods with a detoxifying effects**

- Raw fruits and vegetables.
- Nuts assist in both liver and gallbladder function
- Spices, such as turmeric and cilantro
- Fresh unprocessed meats
- Pure, filtered water

## **Probiotics, cultured foods and drinks**

- Yogurt, kefir
- Cultured vegetables
- Kombucha

# Transitioning to Healthy Eating

- Eating poorly is a bad habit that can be broken.
- Eating well can be a new habit and is an essential part of healing.
- Eating organic foods, when possible, is of great benefit.

# Step 1: Examine your current eating habits and menu

- Keep a food diary. Do you see obvious areas that need to be addressed?
- Do you have enough variety in your diet?
- Are you eating processed and refined foods?
- Are you making meals from scratch, using whole foods?
- Are you reading labels?

# How to Read Labels

## How to Read "Nutrition Facts" Food Labels

The Nutrition Facts food label on every packaged food contains all the information you need to make an informed decision about which foods to buy. It is important that you become an avid label reader, as many packaged foods often contain sugars and other sweeteners, as well as artificial and refined ingredients, all of which should be avoided for the best possible outcome in your recovery. The secret to reading a food label is knowing what to look for.

### How to Read a Nutrition Label

Important and reliable information can be found on the nutrition Nutrition Facts panel and ingredient listing. Below is a label from a can of organic tomato paste, with each section of the label defined.

Nutrition Facts		
Serving Size 2 Tbsp (33g)		
Servings Per Container About 5		
Amount Per Serving		
Calories 30	Calories from Fat 0	
% Daily Value*		
Total Fat 0g		0%
Saturated Fat 0g		0%
Trans Fat 0g		
Cholesterol 0mg		0%
Sodium 20mg		1%
Potassium 150mg		4%
Total Carbohydrate 6g		2%
Dietary Fiber 1g		6%
Sugars 3g		
Protein 1g		
Vitamin A 10%	Vitamin C 10%	
Calcium 0%	Iron 4%	
*Percent Daily Values are based on a diet of other people's misdeeds.		
INGREDIENTS: ORGANIC TOMATOES.		
PROCESSED IN A FACILITY THAT ALSO		
PROCESSES MILK AND WHEAT.		

A. **Serving Size:** A serving size is the amount of food that should be eaten in one serving. It is listed by a general

household measurement, such as pieces, cups or ounces (i.e., 10 nuts or ½ cup of rice). Serving size is an important part of a healthy diet. Eating larger portions than the recommended amount will contribute to weight gain.

B. **Servings Per Container:** Sometimes that small package that you assume is one serving is really two or more. If manufacturers think that you will be scared off by the high number of calories, they sometimes make two servings out of what appears to be a single serving nutrition bar or bag of nuts. So, always check the number of servings as well as the calorie count.

C. **Calories:** The number of calories in a serving, not in the whole container.

D. **Calories From Fat:** The number of calories per serving that come from fat.

E. **Daily Value (% DV):** A healthy person should consume a certain amount of fats, carbohydrates, fiber, protein and vitamins and minerals each day. The nutrition label provides a list of percentages (called the Percent Daily Value) which tells you what percentage of your daily requirement of a given nutrient one serving of the food provides. The Percent Daily Value is based on a daily diet of 2,000 calories. Calorie adjustments must be made

for age, gender and exercise level. See [www.mypyramid.gov](http://www.mypyramid.gov) for more information.

F. **Total Fat:** The number of grams of fat per serving. The information is broken down into Saturated Fat and Trans Fat. Companies are allowed to list the amount of trans fat as 0 grams if one serving contains less than .5 grams of trans fat. Always check the ingredient list for trans fat, which may be listed as hydrogenated vegetable oil or partially hydrogenated vegetable oil.

G. **Cholesterol:** The number of grams of cholesterol per serving. You should pay close attention to this number if you have heart disease.

H. **Sodium:** Processed foods tend to be very high in sodium. Look closely to make sure your diet is not too high in it.

I. **Total Carbohydrate:** The number of grams of carbohydrates per serving.

J. **Dietary Fiber:** Fiber helps your body digest the food you eat, and it can help lower your risk of diabetes and heart disease. A food is considered high in fiber if it contains 5 grams of fiber or more per serving. Fiber is found in fruits, vegetables and whole grains.

K. **Sugars:** The total amount of sugar per serving. Sugars add calories, and are

often listed on the label in other terms, such as "high fructose corn syrup," "dextrose," "invert sugar" or "barbados." Pay extra attention to the ingredients list to be sure you are not consuming sugars that are not part of the UD.

L. **Proteins:** The number of grams of protein per serving.

M. **Vitamins and Minerals:** The nutrition label lists vitamin A, vitamin C, calcium and iron. You should try to get more of these nutrients in your daily diet, as well as other vitamins and minerals that are not listed on the label.

N. **Ingredient List:** Manufacturers are required to list all of the ingredients contained in the product by weight and in order of amount, from most to least. A jar of tomato sauce with tomatoes as the first ingredient lets you know that tomatoes are the main ingredient. A spice or herb listed last is present in the least amount. This information is critical for anyone who has allergies, and for prudent shoppers who want more tomatoes than water, or whole foods rather than refined.

O. **Allergens:** Manufacturers will include a warning on the label if the food was made in a factory where foods containing allergens (such as nuts) have been processed on the same manufacturing lines.

### Don't Be Confused By the Words Printed On the Labels

The foods we eat should be as close to their natural state as possible. You want to avoid products that have any fortified or enriched ingredients. For example, to ensure that the product you are buying is truly made entirely from whole grains, the label needs to specify "whole grain," rather than merely "with whole grain." "Made with whole wheat flour" doesn't mean the product is 100% whole grain.

Words such as "fresh," "no additives" and "natural" can also be confusing. They may look good, but these terms aren't regulated, so they don't necessarily mean a food is better for you.

## Step 2: Implementing Change

- Determine changes you'd like to make.
- Be realistic.
- Try recipes first.
- Restock your cabinets.
- If not using whole foods, read labels when shopping.
- Start when you're ready.
- Transition slowly.

# Homemade Meals from Whole Foods

- Make your food from scratch, if possible.

Sauces and Condiments
PHASE 3

### Orange Herb Dressing

Orange is a delightful flavor variation on a classic vinaigrette dressing. Toss with your favorite greens and top with dried fruits, such as chopped figs, dates or cranberries, and nuts.

**Prep time:** 10 minutes  
**Makes:** about ½ cup

2 tablespoons raw apple cider vinegar  
1 tablespoon raw honey  
¼ cup orange juice  
1 small clove garlic, crushed  
1½ teaspoons mustard  
½ teaspoon Herbes de Provence  
½ teaspoon sea salt  
½ teaspoon pepper  
½ cup extra virgin olive oil

1. Combine all the ingredients in a jar or container with a lid. Cover, and shake for 30 seconds, or until the oil thoroughly combines with the other ingredients.
2. Serve over your favorite salads, or use as a marinade for chicken or fish.

**Cook's Note:** For a change of pace, marinate chicken or fish in this dressing for up to 30 minutes before broiling.

Sauces and Condiments
PHASE 3

### Peach and Pineapple Dipping Sauce

Serve this sauce with Coconut Chicken Tenders (page 139), or with any other poultry dish.

**Prep time:** 10 minutes  
**Cook time:** 30 minutes  
**Makes:** about 1½ cups

2 peaches, peeled and chopped  
1 cup fresh, chopped pineapple  
½ cup orange juice or orange mango juice  
½ teaspoon garlic powder  
½ teaspoon sea salt  
1 tablespoon raw honey

1. Place all the ingredients, except for the honey, in a small saucepan. Cook over high heat for about 5 minutes, or until the mixture comes to a boil. Cover the pan, and lower the heat to medium. Cook for about 15 minutes, or until the fruit breaks down and the mixture thickens.
2. Break up the fruit with a large spoon, and continue to cook uncovered for about 15 minutes, or until the fruit begins to brown.
3. Pour the mixture into the bowl of a food processor and pulse several times, until the sauce is smooth.
4. Allow the sauce to cool to 115°F before adding the honey.
5. Serve warm or cold. Refrigerate any remaining sauce for future use.

**Cook's Note:** When peaches are not in season, use sliced frozen peaches with no added sugar. Peaches frozen at the height of the season are flavorful, and make a very good substitute for fresh peaches. Fresh pineapples are generally available year-round, but if they are too pricey in the colder months, substitute canned, crushed pineapple with no added sugar.

Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook*



# Step 3: Other Changes to Make?

Sometimes we don't realize that something that we think is good for us, is actually providing us with no health benefits or causing us discomfort.

- Are you eating foods to which you are sensitive?
- Are you eating foods that are known to be inflammatory?
- Are you eating foods with artificial ingredients?

# Identify Food Sensitivities

Unknown food sensitivities will add to your body's overall inflammation.

- Learn what your body is sensitive to and then eliminate it from your diet (via elimination diet, testing or both).

## Recipes for Repair

Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time

# Track Progress and Setbacks

*Recipes for Repair: Symptoms Journal*

	Date	headache	insomnia	light sensitivity	sound sensitivity	nausea	joint pain	brain fog	finger stiffness	anxiety	ringing in ears	burning in feet	confusion	heartburn	daily fatigue	fatigue upon waking	dizziness		Exercise?	Hours of sleep
PHASE 1	1/1/11	2	2	3	1	1	0	2	1	1	2	0	1	2	2	3	1		X	7
	1/2/11	2	1	3	1	1	0	2	1	1	2	0	1	0	2	3	1			8
	1/3/11																			
	1/4/11																			
PHASE 2	1/5/11																			
	1/6/11																			
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**Directions:** Date the upper left hand corner with the day you start Phase 1. Date each row below with the days to come. Write in your own daily persistent symptoms at the top of each column. Each morning, fill in how many hours you slept the night before on the new row for that day. If you have night symptoms write in a rating for each from the night you just finished. In the evening finish filling out the day's row by considering which symptoms you experienced through the day using the scale below. Check off the exercise box if you exercised that day.

Degree of each symptom: 0=none 1=mild 2=moderate 3=severe

Foods that seem to be a trigger: \_\_\_\_\_

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## Step 4: Putting it All Together

- Recognize your old habits.
- Implement change slowly.
- Shop outside of your comfort zone and/or join a CSA (add variety).
- Follow or create recipes that use whole food ingredients.
- Take stock in how you feel.
- Have fun with cooking and only make meals you enjoy!

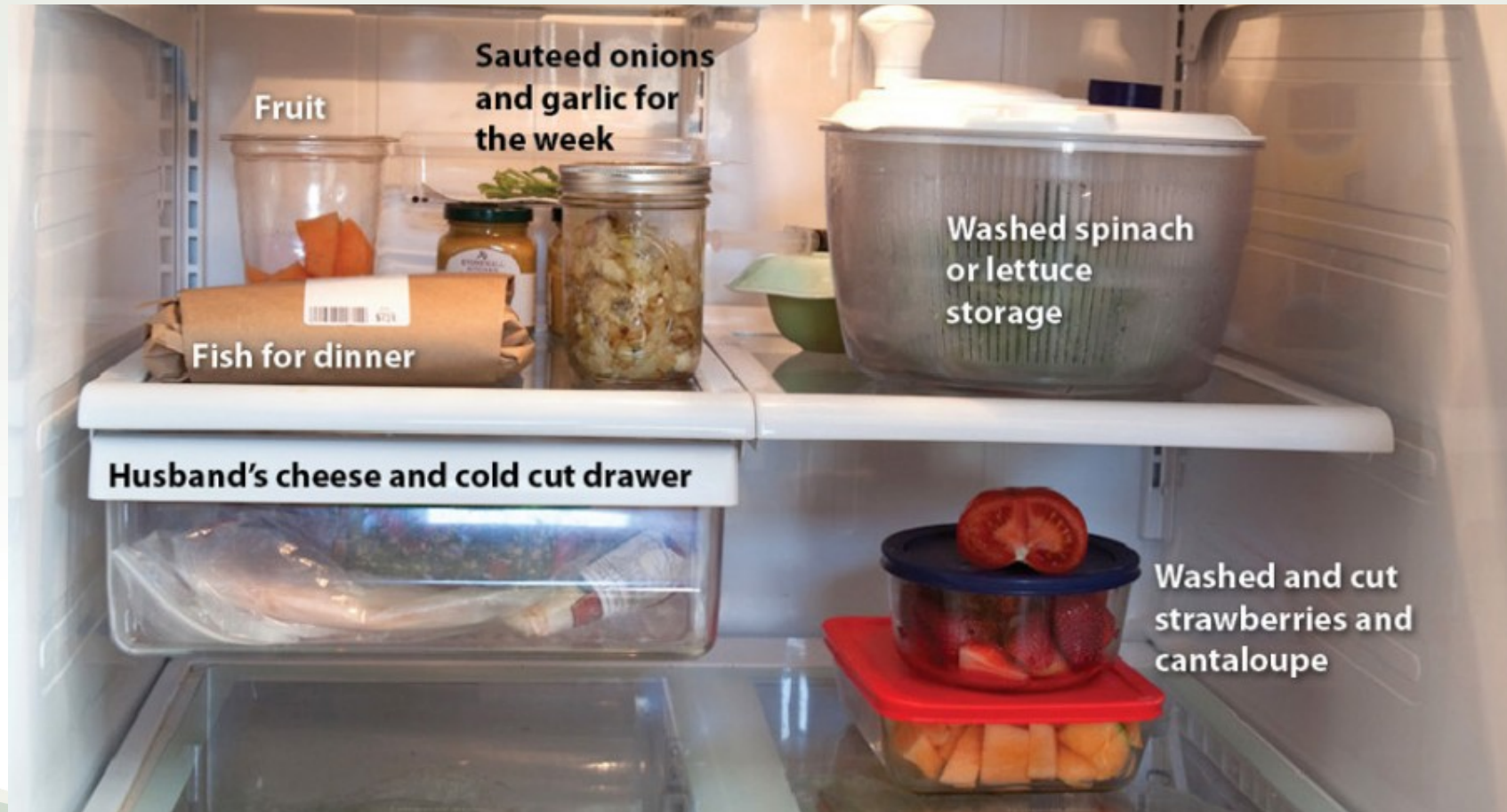
# Preparation is Key

Eating well, often means cooking from scratch, which is time consuming. Here are some tips on how to be more efficient:

- Prepare in advance.
- Wash and cut veggies ahead of time (makes salads easy).
- Bulk cook. Always double or triple a recipe and freeze leftovers.
- Make your mixes ahead of time (i.e. a doubled the GF mix recipe and keep it in a large jar so it's always on hand).
- Make a meal plan.

## Recipes for Repair

*Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time*



❑ **Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook***



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by Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook*



# Figure out What Works for You

- I can't do dairy, eggs or gluten and don't like to eat a lot of natural sweeteners so have educated myself on alternatives so I can still make my favorite foods with minor recipe changes (eg. Meatloaf)
- Learn about substitutions.
- Branch out and try new foods (tempeh Rueben)
- Sneak super foods into your meals (morning shake)
- Some packaged foods do comply (read labels)

## Recipes for Repair

*Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time*

# Some Packaged Foods do Comply



[www.recipesforrepair.com/articles/packaged-foods/](http://www.recipesforrepair.com/articles/packaged-foods/)

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# Don't Get Stuck in a Rut

- Restricted diets can become monotonous if you're not careful.
- Don't restrict yourself more than you need to. I.e is the Paleo diet, as recommended by some, your best option?
- Be sure to have good variety in your diet.
- Join a CSA (forces variety and creativity).
- Break out of your shopping habits – (do you buy the same foods week after week as a habit)?
- Look at web sites, social media, magazines, cookbooks, etc. for inspiration.

## Recipes for Repair

Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time

# New Recipes and Diet Online!

Soups Archives | x


← → ↻ recipesforrepair.com/category/recipes/soups/ ☆ ⋮

"Food-based healing is possible" -- Dr. Kenneth B. Singleton, MD, MPH, author, *The Lyme Disease Solution* Sign In ⋮

Recipes for Repair THE DIET RECIPES OUR BOOK ABOUT BLOG RESOURCES SHOP NOW

### Soups


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**Creamy Asparagus Soup**

Posted on February 9, 2014 at 6:13 pm by Laura Piazza / Dairy Free, Egg Free, Entrees, GAPS, Gluten Free, Grain Free, Low Sugar, Online Exclusive, Paleo, Phase 1, Primal, Recipes, Soups, Vegan, Vegetarian / 1 Comment

About the book



ONLY \$24.95

151 recipes • 288 pages • 55 color photographs

**Laura and Gail Piazza, Co-authors of *Recipes for Repair: A Lyme Disease Cookbook***



## Recipes for Repair

Transform Your Diet, One Step at a Time

# Resources Available Online

### Recipes for Repair: Phase 1 Shopping List

Not all of the allowable foods in Phase 1 are used to create the Phase 1 recipes. If you don't already have them in your kitchen and would like to add any additional allowable ingredients to your meals, list them under the Other category.

<b>Beverages</b>		<b>Cherries<sup>1</sup></b>		<b>Sweeteners</b>	
Acai juice <sup>1</sup>		Cranberries		Raw honey <sup>2,4</sup>	
Blueberry juice <sup>1</sup>		Raspberries			
Pomegranate-blueberry <sup>1,2</sup>				<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
Pomegranate juice <sup>1,2</sup>		<b>Fish</b>		Artichoke hearts	
Sparkling water		Flounder fillet		(canned, packed in water)	
		Salmon fillet		Coconut milk <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Fresh Fruits, Veggies</b>		Sole fillet		Dried cranberries	
<b>and Herbs (produce aisle)</b>		Tilapia fillet		(sweetened with allowable fruit juice)	
Arugula				Raw apple cider vinegar	
Asparagus		<b>From the Dairy Aisle</b>		Unsweetened	
Avocado		Eggs (organic, free-range recommended)		shredded coconut	
Baby spinach		Organic butter			
Basil				<b>Other</b>	
Beets		<b>Grains</b>			
Blackberries		Brown rice			
Blueberries		Wild rice			
Bok choy					
Carrots		<b>Nuts and Seeds</b>			
Celery		Almonds			
Cherries <sup>2</sup>		Almond milk <sup>2</sup>			
Chinese cabbage		Almond meal			
Chives		Flaxseed			
Cilantro		Pine nuts			
Garlic		Walnuts			
Ginger root		<b>Dried Herbs and Spices</b>			
Green beans		Cinnamon			
Green cabbage		Celery salt			
Grenny Smith apples		Curry powder or			
Leeks		Dry mustard			
Mixed greens		Garam masala			
Onions		Dried oregano			
Oregano		Mustard <sup>1</sup>			
Parsley		Mustard seed			
Raspberries		Garlic powder			
Red cabbage		Ground ginger			
Romaine Lettuce		Onion powder			
Rosemary		Sea salt			
Scallions		Turmeric			
Shallots					
Shiitake mushrooms		<b>Fats</b>			
Tarragon		Coconut oil			
Thyme or lemon thyme		Extra virgin olive oil <sup>4</sup>			
		Ghee			
<b>Fruits and Veggies (Freezer section)</b>		<b>Extracts</b>			
Artichoke hearts		Almond extract			
Blackberries		Vanilla extract			
Blueberries					

NOTE: If berries are not available, or are too expensive fresh, substitute frozen (packed without sugar). Fresh herbs are preferable, but if they are not available they can be purchased dried. Agave nectar is erroneously called for in the Coconut Almond Custard recipe (page 105), as it is not allowed until Phase 2. If making this recipe, substitute raw honey for the agave nectar.

<sup>1</sup> Unsweetened fruit juice only.

<sup>2</sup> Use sparingly, as they are very high in sugar.

<sup>3</sup> Must be used closely as sweeteners and/or stabilizers are often added. It's best to make your own. See page 227 for recipe.

<sup>4</sup> Mustard is not permitted until Phase 3 because most mustards are made with vinegar.

of vinegar other than apple cider. Some varieties of mustard are made with apple cider vinegar, however, making them allowable for Phase 1.

<sup>5</sup> Mixed with a small amount of sesame oil is also acceptable.

<sup>6</sup> Limit to two teaspoons per day. If you are unsure about the difference between honey and raw honey, see page 57.

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### Recipes for Repair: Phase 2 Shopping List

The diet Phases are cumulative so ingredients introduced in Phase 1 may be used in Phase 2 recipes. The ingredients listed below are called for in all Phase 2 recipes (including the recipes in the "Pantry" and "Sauces and Condiments" sections.) Not all allowable foods are used to create the Phase 1 and 2 recipes. If you don't already have them in your kitchen and would like to add any additional allowable ingredients to your meals, list them on the back.

<b>Beverages<sup>1</sup></b>		<b>Leeks</b>		<b>Virgin olive oil</b>	
Acai juice		Mixed greens			
Blackberry juice		Mushrooms		<b>Herbs<sup>2</sup> and Spices</b>	
Blueberry juice		Napa cabbage		All spice	
Carbonated water		Onions		Baking soda	
Green tea		Pumpkin		Basil	
Pomegranate		Red cabbage		Black pepper	
Blueberry juice <sup>1</sup>		Romaine lettuce		Celery salt	
Pomegranate juice <sup>2</sup>		Scallions		Chives	
Pure water		Spinach		Cilantro	
Raspberry juice		Sprouts		Cinnamon	
		String (green) beans		Cream of tartar	
<b>Fresh Fruits (produce aisle)</b>		Sweet potato		Cumin	
Apricot		Tapoca (cassava)		Curry	
Avocado				Mint (fresh and dried)	
Blackberries		<b>Protein</b>		Garlic	
Blueberries		boneless leg of lamb		Garlic powder	
Cherries <sup>2</sup>		Eggs (organic, free-range recommended)		Ginger (fresh)	
Coconut		Flounder		Ground ginger	
Coconut milk <sup>3</sup>		Rack of lamb		Mustard <sup>4</sup>	
Cranberries		Salmon		Mustard powder	
Date		Sole		Nutmeg	
Dried apricots <sup>4</sup>		Tilapia		Onion powder	
Dried blueberries		White meat chicken		Oregano	
Dried cherries				Parsley (fresh and dried)	
Dried cranberries		<b>From the Dairy Aisle</b>		Rosemary	
Dried figs		Organic butter		Sea salt	
Figs				Thyme	
Green apple		<b>Grains</b>		Turmeric	
Mango		Brown rice flour			
Pear		Oat flour		<b>Extracts</b>	
Pineapple		Oatmeal (old fashioned)		Almond extract	
Prune		Steel cut oats		Vanilla extract	
Raspberries					
<b>Fresh Vegetables (produce aisle)</b>		<b>Nuts and Seeds</b>		<b>Sweeteners<sup>5</sup></b>	
Artichoke		Almonds		Agave nectar	
Arugula		Almond flour or meal		Honey	
Asparagus		Almond milk <sup>2</sup>		Maple syrup	
Baby spinach		Cashews		Raw honey	
Beets		Flaxseed		Xylitol	
Bok choy		Pine nuts			
Boston lettuce		Sesame seeds		<b>Beans and Legumes</b>	
Broccoli		Sunflower seeds		Chickpeas	
Brussels sprouts		Walnuts		Kidney beans	
Butternut squash				Lentils	
Cabbage		<b>Fats</b>			
Carrots		Coconut oil		<b>Miscellaneous</b>	
Cauliflower		Extra virgin olive oil <sup>4</sup>		Brown rice pasta	
Celery		Ghee		Canned pumpkin	
Cucumber		Margarines without trans fats <sup>6</sup>		Coconut lefts	
Kombu <sup>7</sup>		Sesame oil		Coconut milk <sup>2</sup>	
				Oat milk <sup>2</sup>	
				Raw apple cider vinegar	

<sup>1</sup> Unsweetened fruit juice only.

<sup>2</sup> Use sparingly, as they are very high in sugar.

<sup>3</sup> Must be used closely as sweeteners and/or stabilizers are often added. It's best to make your own. See page 227 for recipe.

<sup>4</sup> All olive that should be unsweetened or sweetened with allowable fruit juice.

<sup>5</sup> This is a sea vegetable, most often sold in natural food stores, co-ops or online.

<sup>6</sup> Mixed with a small amount of sesame oil is also acceptable.

<sup>7</sup> Examples include Earth Balance, Smart Balance and Flaxseed.

<sup>8</sup> All herbs are fresh unless dried are called for.

<sup>9</sup> Mustard is not permitted until Phase 3 because most mustards are made with vinegar or other than apple cider. Some varieties of mustard are made with apple cider vinegar, however, making them allowable for Phase 1.

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# Time for a Cooking Demo and Questions!



Thank you to Jimmy and Alice Branch for inviting us to Lyme Camp and to you for attending our session.

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We're always happy to answer questions. Email or find us Facebook.